Alexandria Advertiser
AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. II.] FRIDAY, August 6, 1802. [No. 513.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY next,

At ten o'clock, will be Sold at the Auction Room,

4th proof Jamaica Rum in hogsheads,
Holland Gin in pipes and bls.
New-England Rum in bls.
Port Wine in quarter casks,
Lisbon Wine in pipes,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in bls.
Soap, Candles and Chocolate } *in box.*
Pepper in bags,
Castor Oil in bottles,
Fig Blue in Kegs.

Together with a large quantity of

DRY GOODS,

Among which are

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Sprigg'd, lappet, Jaconet, and book muslins and muslin shawls,
White and coloured Marseilles and muslinetts,
Linen and cotton checks,
Bandannoes, flags and checquered silk handkerchiefs,
Large and small fans,
Irish and German linens,
Mens and Womens saddles,
A quantity of Mens and Womens shoes.

THOMAS MOORE,
August 4. Auctioneer.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY,

At ten o'clock, will be Sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
Whiskey in barrels,
Gin in casks and barrels,
Port wine in casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds and bls.
White and brown soap in boxes,
Chocolate in boxes,
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes.
Queens Ware in crates, handsomely assorted,

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloth and Kersimeres,
Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,
Irish Linens, and Oznaburgs,
Sail duck of different qualities,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Cambrick and Cotton shawls,
India Muslin and Table Cloaths,
Coloured threads and sowing silks,
Ribbons, Hats, and
A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,
August 6 Vendue-Master.

Wanted,

A FEMALE SERVANT,

One who understands *cooking* and *washing.*——Apply to the Printer.

July 20. d

The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public for past favors and respectfully solicits a continuance.

He has now on hand and offers for sale at his store in Prince-Street.

Holland gin, French brandy,
Jamaica Spirits,
Cherry bounce, made in the year 1800,
Green Coffee, Teas,
Loaf and brown sugars,
Crockery ware, &c.

Also, quantity of fresh

Lisbon Lemons and Limes,
Soft shelled almonds,
Filberts, prunes, olives, capers,
Tamarinds, fresh sallad oil,
Excellent New-York cheese,
And salt-petred bacon, direct from Smithfield.

THOMAS SIMMS.
June 19. d

Lands in Kentucky.

To be sold by Public Sale at the Tontine Coffee-Room, New York, on the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Eleven thousand acres of land in one or more lots; laying in the county of Fayette, state of Kentucky about 30 miles from Lexington and Frankfort, 20 miles south east of the Ohio River and adjacent to the public road between the two Maima Rivers and several rising settlements. The soil generally good, well watered and timber of various descriptions.

These lands within 15 miles of Main Lecking and Kentucky rivers, both navigable two to three hundred miles above the extremity of the lands.

Also,

To be sold at the same time and place as the above, *another TRACT of LAND* of nine thousand acres, in one or more lots, in the county of Fayette, state of Kentucky, nearly the same distance from Lexington, Frankfort and the Ohio Rivers, as the foregoing tract, and lays between the former and Main Lecking river, distant from the latter only a few miles.

The soil is in general good, well watered and timber of different kinds, and as the former tract, in the neighborhood of the settled parts of Kentucky, and opposite a Jersey settlement. The grants by Edmund Randolph, Esq. in 1787 and 1788, and the title deeds are clear and indisputable.

As these lands are to be disposed of for behalf of creditors, they will be positively sold to the highest bidder, for approved notes at two and three months.

Capt. Fowler or Mr. James Masterson of Lexington; Mr. George Brook, Clerk of Woodford county; or major John Lee near Frankfort will point out the lands. For further information and an accurate plan of the lands, apply to John & Charles Wilkes Esqrs. or Lewis Simond Esq. New York, or to Mr. Brown, Dumfries, Virginia.

July 30. d

FIRST NOTICE.

In the case of Isaac M'Pherson a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS a commission of bankruptcy founded upon the act of the Congress of the United States, passed on the 4th day of April, 1800, entitled "an act to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," has been awarded and issued against Isaac M'Pherson, of the county of Prince William, merchant and miller, and he being declared a bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the commissioners in the said commission named, or a major part of them, on the 10th and 14th days of August next, and on Friday, the 27th day of the same month, at the Eagle Tavern in the city of Richmond, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of each day, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate & effects; when and where his creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the second sitting to chuse assignees; & at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the commissioners shall appoint.

ROBERT BROOKE,
Secretary to the Commissioners.
Richmond, July 26. d28tf

FOR SALE,

AT THE SUBSCRIBERS' WHARF,

70 tons Plaister,
10 hhds. 3d and 4th proof Rum,
5 ditto Molasses,
5 ditto Sugars,
150 bbls. first quality Herrings,
20 ditto Pork.

RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co.
June 25. d

FOR HAVRE,

The fine new ship

RICHMOND,

50 to 100 Hhds. will be taken on freight, to address of Messrs. Collow, Freres, Carmichael, & Co. if early application is made,

For freight or passage, apply to Captain Rudd, or

A. HENDERSON & Co.

Capt. Rudd will pay no debts contracted by any of his crew.

For sale Bills on Paris, payable in London, and on London direct.

A. H. & Co.
July 15. d

FOR SALE,

On the 16th day of August next, at the Red House, in Prince William county, by the Trustees of the late Gen. Nelson,

About 3000 acres of LAND,

lying in the counties of Prince William and Loudoun, near the said Red House. Terms of payment as follow. One fourth part of the purchase money to be paid on the first day of January, 1803, and the other three fourth parts thereof to be paid at three subsequent annual payments.—Bonds, with approved security, to be given by the purchasers at the time of sale, and interest thereon to be paid at the rate of six per cent. from the first day January, 1803. If the first payment of the purchase money be not punctually made, the land to be again exposed to sale, by the subscribers for ready money; if the land should not then sell for the full amount of the said purchase money, the purchaser or purchasers to be accountable upon their bonds for the deficiency. If the first payment be punctually made, title will be given to the purchasers, and deeds of trust must be executed by them for securing the future payments, which deeds of trust will be acted upon, and the lands exposed to sale for ready money, by the trustees, for the full amount of the whole bonds, by virtue of the deeds of trust, if any one of the future annual payments be not punctually made.

The lands will be laid off in lots to suit purchasers, who will have the right of seeding them after the 20th day of August next.

NATHANIEL BURWELL,
THOMAS NELSON, jun.
Surviving Trustees of Gen. Thomas Nelson, deceased.
June 14. dtsf

SPRING GOODS.

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received per the Paul Seiman, via Baltimore, and Union, capt. Woodhouse, from London,

A supply of suitable GOODS for the season, which are now opening and will be sold low by the package or piece, and he is in daily expectation of receiving further supplies.

N. B. He has also for sale, China in boxes and Sadlery.

May 19. d

A Cook Wanted

In a private family—either to purchase or hire. A young man will be preferred. Enquire of the Printer.

July 24. d

SPRING GOODS.

JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

Have imported in the brig Union, captain Woodhouse, from London, a general assortment of goods suitable for the present season, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, by the piece or package.

May 18. d

FOR SALE,

2,000 *BUSHELS CORN.*

Apply to
RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co.
July 3. d

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A Female SERVANT, capable of Cooking, &c.——Enquire of the printer.

August 5.

CARVING, GILDING, and VARNISHING.

Mrs. RACHEL ATKINS,
(From Philadelphia)

In PRINCE-STREET, between Fairfax and Water-Streets, next door to Dr. Dick's, in the house lately occupied by GROVE WRIGHT;

Respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria that she intends residing here for a few months, and will be happy in executing any orders in the above branches of business. She regilds and varnishes old frames so as to make them appear like new—and likewise varnishes them with a particular kind of varnish that will bear washing.

She has on hand,

A large and elegant assortment of

Prints and Looking-Glasses

of every description, which will be sold on the lowest terms for cash.

Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to.

August 4. d3ten3t

FRESH FRUIT,

Just received and for sale by the subscriber;

ALSO,

Good New-York Cheese, by the quantity,
Almonds by the Frail,
Jar Raisins,
Spanish Segars,
Mountain Wine by the qr. cask,
With a general assortment of groceries.

LIKEWISE,

A variety of DRY GOODS, which he will dispose of at prime cost, as he wishes to sell off his present stock, it will be an object worth his customer's attention.

JOSEPH DYSON.
July 31. d

FOR SALE.

The time of a Negro Girl, about 15 years of age. She has got about 13 years to serve, and has been accustomed to house work.

Enquire of the Printer,
July 24. d

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,

Has just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a further supply of Pennsylvania and

SWEDISH BAR IRON,

of different sizes, which he will sell at the lowest current price:—also,

Coarse Salt,
James River Coal,
Twist Tobacco in kegs, of first and second quality,
Philadelphia loaf Sugar in hhds. and bbls.
Tar, Pork,
Plaster of Paris, by the ton or bushel,
Handspikes,
Flour in barrels and half barrels,

Cash given for Wheat and Corn at his mill and in town.

7th mo. 19th. d

Just Published,

BY COTTOM & STEWART,

AND FOR SALE,

A NEW NOVEL,

Entitled the

BEGGAR BOY;

(Price one Dollar.)

By THOMAS BELLAMY, late editor of the London Critical Reviews.

July 30.

FOR SALE,

TWO WOOD BUILDINGS, near Adams's wharf; the one a shed and the other a warehouse, both having shingled roofs.——They will be sold (seperately or together) low, to be taken immediately off the premises.

Wm. HODGSON.
July 26. d

FROM THE N. Y. EVENING POST.

A correct ſtatement of the ſeveral ſources from which the hiſtory of the adminiſtration of John Adams was compiled, and the motives for its ſuppreſſion by Colonel Burr: with ſome obſervations on a Narrative, by a Citizen of New-York.

By John Wood, author of the ſaid Hiſtory.

It would be a departure from juſtice, and from that ſtrict neutrality which we profeſs to obſerve between the Clintonians and Burrites, were we to omit to give as full and particular an account of this pamphlet, as we have given of thoſe which have appeared againſt the Vice preſident. We have more than once obſerved, that the guilt or innocence of Mr. Burr muſt depend on the motives which influenced him to procure the ſuppreſſion; and that the complexion of thoſe motives muſt depend principally, if not entirely, on the declarations of Wood. If the author of the "Narative is to be believed, Mr. Burr is unqueſtionably ruined in the opinion of a great proportion of his former political adherents; if not, the attempt to injure him in their good opinion, muſt recoil with tenfold force on the heads of his aſſailants. In the pamphlet before us, Mr. Wood unqueſtionably makes a compleat and ſound defence for Mr. Burr, and therefore it muſt now turn on the ſuperior weight of evidence to be attached to Wood, or to the writer of the Narrative. And here the public will judge whether *prima facie* more credit is not due to him who appears in his own perſon before them, than to an anonymous writer, who is known to no one, and of courſe, accountable to no one. It muſt not, however be forgotten on the other ſide, that the editors of the Citizen have publicly declared themſelves reſponſible in a court of law for what the pamphlet contains; and whether the anſwer given by Mr. Burr's friends, that it would be inſufferably degrading for the Vice Preſident to deſcend to a controverſy with ſuch men, will be ſatisfactory we leave to the public to decide—*Non noſtrum tantas componere lites.*

In our extracts this evening we have found it impoſſible to abridge much; we gave entire that part of the Narrative to which this is an anſwer, and this renders it neceſſary to preſent the defence almoſt equally unbroken.

"On the 19th of June 1801, I entered into an agreement with Meſſrs. Barlas and Ward, Bookſellers in New. York, to write a Hiſtory of the United States of America, during the adminiſtration of preſident ADAMS." "By our letter of agreement a clauſe was inſerted at the deſire of Mr. Barlas, that the work ſhould be finiſhed by the end of Auguſt or September. I did not object to the clauſe at the inſtant of ſubſcribing the articles, not doubting but Meſſrs. Barlas and Ward would for their own intereſt, allow the period to be prolonged if neceſſary. Previous to the commencement of the work, I had calculated upon my labor, rather as a field of amuſement than that of laborious reſearch; it was impoſſible to have conceived that the annals of a government of a new country, ſuch as the U. States, for four years, ſhould be enveloped in myſtery, cabal, and intrigue, and that all the public prints ſhould be a collection of falſehoods fabricated by the hirelings of party; but I ſoon diſcovered, that to inveſtigate the truth from volumes of newſpapers devoted to oppoſite intereſts, would require ſeveral years in place of a few months. Before the ſtipulated period was expired, I communicated my ſentiments to Mr. Ward, and requeſted a prolongation of the period, to which he appeared to give his cordial aſſent, but upon converſing with Mr. Barlas, they both inſiſted I ſuppoſe from the advice of Barlas that the book ſhould be finiſhed within the time preſcribed, otherwiſe that I would forfeit the penalty that I had agreed upon in my letter of the 19th of June.

"Thus circumſtanced, I was under the neceſſity of throwing together my materials, I may ſay without either proper arrangement or due conſideration. Theſe materials were principally collected from the Aurora, Mr. Duane's private letters, and Callender's works, beſides ſome occaſional hints I received from gentlemen in New-York and Philadelphia.

"My correſpondence with Mr. Duane, or rather his letters to me, originated not through Barlas and Ward, as he has ſtated in his letter in the Aurora but from an application which I made to him reſpecting the letters of Curtius: this application was made about the 1ſt of July and from that time to the month of October, Mr. Duane ſent me occaſionally, information as to characters and events, ſometimes couched in the form of letters, and at other times expreſſed in the form of hiſtory, leaving it to my own diſcretion to alter the language or not. Notwithſtanding this active part which Duane had in the compilation of the hiſtory, he is pleaſed to aſſert in the Aurora of the 12th of July, that it contains neither veracity or dignity. Such an obſervation would certainly have proceeded with more propriety from any other critic than Mr. Duane, when the facts furniſhed by him are well known to be the moſt falſe and libellous in the whole book. Theſe facts, as he termed them in his letters, relate principally to Mr. Adams and compoſe almoſt all the anecdotes inerted in the hiſtory reſpecting the late Preſident; the fallacy of the ſtory reported to me by Mr. Duane, I was then ignorant of but can aſſure the public, that I have been informed by perſons more reſpectable than Mr. Duane, that there is not the ſmalleſt foundation either for the anecdote of the Alchymiſt, mentioned in page 503, or for the ſtories reſpecting Mr. Adams and Dr. Franklin, related in chapter XII. Mr. Duane was particularly ſedulous in his letters requeſting that I ſhould by no means omit to deſcribe, in the moſt pointed manner, the enmity of Mr. Adams towards Dr. Franklin; but upon a fair inveſtigation of this matter, I have diſcovered that Mr. Adams never diſplayed any marks of hatred to Dr. Franklin himſelf, but only towards Bache the printer, who raiſed Mr. Duane to his preſent eminence. This was certainly an act of gratitude in Mr. Duane, but that ſpecies of gratitude which ought to receive the ſevereſt cenſure, the raiſing the reputation of a friend at the expence of his enemy, and without having the boldneſs to execute the ſtratagem himſelf, to impoſe the taſk upon a ſtranger. The character given of James Roſs, in Pennſylvania, in page 184, was drawn from the Aurora, but as to the truth of the charges there adduced againſt Mr. Roſs, I have not had an opportunity of determining. The probability, however, is, that they are falſe, as they have been reported by Mr. Duane. The characters given of the members of congreſs (who voted for the alien and ſedition bills, that of Mr. Bingham and Mr. Roſs excepted) in the hiſtory from page 182 to the end of ſixth chapter, were entirely taken from Callender's Proſpect, pages 122, 123, 124, 125, 144,, 145, 146, and 147, of his firſt volume. The language is a little altered, but the reader will perceive that the ſentiments are the ſame. The character of Mr. Bingham I obtained from the friends of Mr. Duane when at Philadelphia. I however am induced to ſuppoſe by other information, that although Mr. Bingham is not the brighteſt man in the world, his enemies have extremely exaggerated his faults. The articles entitled BRITISH PIRACY, were entirely extracted from Callender's works, his Sketches of America, and Annual Regiſter. The contents of the ſixth chapter of the Hiſtory, from the commencement to page 168, were drawn from the ſecond chapter of the firſt volume of Callender's Proſpect. The account I have given of Blount's Conſpiracy, and the negociation of this country, with the Directory of France, were collected from the Aurora, as alſo, were my remarks on the Conſtitution of Connecticut, and the characters of Mr. Trumbull, Mr. Treadwell, Mr. Thomas Seymour, Mr. Aaron Auſtin, and Mr. David Dagget. Theſe laſt are to be found in the Aurora of April, 1801.

"The anecdote relating to Mr. Hamilton at the capture of the redoubts at Yorktown, I have read in ſeveral hiſtories of the American war; as alſo in the Anti-Jacobin Review, in reviewing Mr. Hamilton's letter to Mr. Adams; but Mr. Hamilton himſelf, I am informed denies it.

"Reſpecting the biography of Mr. Burr, which the writer of the narrative calls a MASTER-PIECE of the hyperbolic, the materials for writing it were not furniſhed by Mr. Burr, as the narrative erroneouſly ſtates."

"Theſe were in ſhort the principal ſources from which I had compiled my hiſtory of the Adminiſtration of Preſident Adams. Several trifling incidents, which are ſcattered through the volume, I received from individuals; but as they are of no moment to one party or another, their detail would be unneceſſary, and to bring before the public their authors would be an improper action. I ſhall, however, add, that from the ſources from which the hiſtory in general has been compiled, *it would be improper for the reader to place any reliance on the facts which it contains*, or to regard the work *in any degree* as a correct ſtatement of the events which occurred during the adminiſtration of Mr. Adams."

After this account of the hiſtory and its utter worthleſſneſs, it is not a little curious to hear the act of ſuppreſſing it branded as the moſt aggravated of all poſſible crimes. *Ye blind guides, which ſtrain at a gnat and ſwallow a camel. Wee unto you, hypocrites.*

Here's a ſuppreſſion for you!

The editor of the Evening Poſt may rely on the correctneſs of the following facts, and it is hoped ſome remarks will be made. A few days ſince it was communicated to Mr. Wood that he might depend upon it his pamphlet would be *ſuppreſſed* by the Clintons, and that a plan had even been laid to effect it. Wood inſtantly went to Judah, to whom he had ſold the copy right, and inſiſted on his contracting to put the pamphlet into fair circulation; accordingly Judah, gave him a writing to this effect. Laſt evening, agreeable to the prediction, Mr. Judah was offered by a certain gentleman, whoſe name can be given if neceſſary, a true Clintonian, *three hundred dollars* for his title to the copy right, and the money preſented. Now ſir, be ſo good as to publiſh the above, and if proof is wanting call on your humble ſervant.

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Inſtead of remarks we ſhall put a caſe;—One man procures another to be indicted for ſubornation of perjury; *on the trial, it is neceſſary to ſhew not only that there has been a ſubornation, but that the perjury was, to a point material to the iſſue; after the attorney general has got through the evidence on the part of the ſtate, the defendant calls a witneſs to prove expreſſly, that the point to which the ſubornation went, was altogether immaterial, and that therefore the indictment would not lie; but the proſecutor himſelf meets the witneſs at the door of the City-Hall, takes him aſide; and offers a large bribe to with-hold his teſtimony.—Now let 'em talk of* ſuppreſſion.

THE "VIEW," &c. ONCE MORE.

It is not a little remarkable that the author of the "View," ſpeaking of Mr. Burr's chance for the preſidency, after Mr. Jefferſon ſhould have held it eight years, ſays "at the end of that period had his conduct been ſuch as ought to have been, Mr. Burr would have ſucceeded to the preſidency as certainly as if by hereditary decent." Very well! Mr. Burr had already been deſcribed by this writer himſelf as utterly deſtitute of all morality as a diſhoneſt intreiguer in politics as a Cataline, in ſhort a monſter of vice in human form, but yet nothing would have prevented his ſucceeding to the preſidency, provided his "conduct had been ſuch as it ought to have been," and he had fawned upon and flattered Mr. Jefferſon without being weary for only eight years longer. This is "political honeſty" with a vengeance! But becauſe Mr. Burr has penetrated the true character of the 'Sage;' and in common with all diſcerning men, been diſguſted with his ſonorous nothings the hereditary deſcent is forever cut off. The pure patriots who talk of their love to the people, would have placed a Buonapatte or a Cataline at their head, if he had only been hypocrite enough to profeſs admiration for a being he deſpiſes. And yet theſe are they who are forever talking of adhering to principles and not to men!

FROM THE BALANCE.

ON EDUCATION.

"Delightful taſk! to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to ſhoot,
To pour the freſh inſtruction o'er the mind,
To breathe th' enlivening ſpirit, and to fix
The gen'rous purpoſe in the glowing breaſt."
THOMPSON.

DURING the periods of infancy and early childhood, the education of boys is chiefly, while that of girls is almoſt excluſively devolved on the mother. She is their firſt friend, and poſſeſſes their earlieſt love. She diſpences their food, dandles them in her arms, and aſſiduouſly guards th ir waking hours and their ſlumbers; & to her they pour fourth their complaints, their wants and their wiſhes—they hang upon her lips for inſtruction, and repay her maternal attentions and careſſes with all the fondneſs of which their little hearts are capable. No words are ever liſped by the young child with ſuch ſenſations of tenderneſs as *My Mamma*.

The father is leſs domeſtic. Worldly cares engroſs his mind: neceſſary buſineſs calls him from home; and the kindneſſes he beſtows on his infant offspring are more indirect, and therefore leſs obvious and impreſſive. The mother's conſtant preſence and endearing attentions among her ſmall children rivet their hearts to her, more than to any other object: and theſe circumſtances give her peculiar advantages for daily pouring into their minds the precepts of wiſdom—precepts, which, coming from her, will ſink ſo deeply, that they will never be forgotten. Thoſe firſt impreſſions, which a child receives from the mother, are a ſort of indelible characters. They are deeply engraven on the heart, as "with a pen of iron, and with the point of a diamond."

A virtuous and diſcreet mother is therefore a fountain of life to her children. Their hearts are attracted to her as the needle to the magnet. She draws them "with the cords of love." She guides them with the "law of kindneſs." Her precious inſtructions are daily inſtilled into their tender minds, like the morning and evening dews: and, in a qualified ſenſe, ſhe moulds and faſhions them to a decent, virtuous, lovely conduct, as the potter moulds his clay. Happy are the children, who have ſuch a mother! her worth is invaluable; her loſs would be irreparable.

Emelia poſſeſſes both beauty & fortune. Youth ſtill blooms in her countenance. Her manners are eaſy and graceful. She is capable of ſhining at balls and attracting around her a fluttering crowd of admirers. But "well ordered home" is her delight. She ſoothes the cares and multiplies the comforts of the man to whom ſhe has pledged her vows. The daily care of her little nurſery is her delightful taſk. She is amuſed with their innocent prattle. With ſecret raptures, ſhe marks in them the dawn and progreſs of reaſon, and the ſtill brighter dawn and and progreſs of virtue. She guards them with vigilance and guides them with diſcretion; prudently checks their wayward propenſities, "confirms the generous purpoſe," watches the moſt happy moments for making uſeful impreſſions, gratifies their curioſity, patiently anſwers their queſtions, "teaches the young idea how to ſhoot," and "pours the freſh inſtruction o'er their minds."

Monimia, who had ſeen bright and proſperous days, is left a young widow with 3 ſmall children. By the premature death of her huſband, her worldly proſpects are blaſted and laid in the duſt. Monimia has a heart replete with ſenſibility. The recollection of her irreparable loſs and reverſed circumſtances frequently ſuffuſes her face with tears. But ſhe does not conſume her time in unavailing woe. The precious intereſts of her babes are entwined with every fibre of her heart: & while ſhe is ſtretching out her widowed arms for their ſuſtenance and ſupport, ſhe is ſtill more ſolicitous to ſow in their tender minds the ſeeds of knowledge and goodneſs, and to enſtamp them with virtuous impreſſions. "He that ſitteth in the heavens" beholds and approves—he will ſucceed the pious endeavors of ſuch a mother.

Is there under heaven a ſight more charming, than that of an intelligent, virtuous mother, aſſiduouſly inſtructing her infant offspring, and uſing her daily endeavours both to inform their minds and to faſhion their hearts aright?——Neither Proſerpine, while gathering flowers in the fields of Enna, nor Eve herſelf, while dreſſing the blooming beds and flowery arbors of Eden, exhibits a portrait ſo intereſting, as that of a diſcreet and good mother, ingraſting in the minds of her children the germ of uſeful knowledge, and leading them in the path of virtue.

She is rearing flowers, which will never fade!

SENEX.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 3.

Arrived, Experiment, Mariner, Jamaica; Brig Sea Nymph, Hoſier, C. Francois; Nonpariel, Chapman, St. Bartholomews; Schr. Atalanta, Haſon, Curracoa; Diſpatch, Wilburn, Jamaica; Union, Smith, St. Kitts; Three Siſters, Haliſax; Sloop Little George, Philadelphia.

Cleared, Brig Comet, Robinſon, Cape Francois; Hannah, Smith Port-Republican; Schr. Volunteer, Bell, Curracoa; Sloop Hope, Morriſon, Cape Francois; Algitha, Swarts, St. Auguſtine.

Brig Nonpariel, Chapman, from St. Chriſtophers via St. Bartholomews. Left

chr. Fanny, Samis, New York; sloop Trial, Brown, Salem; and a brig from Philadelphia. Spoke July 20, lat. 27, long. 60, 30, brig Argus, Trowbridge, of N. Haven, 10 days from New-York for Aux-Cayes, 23d, lat. 28, long. 67, brig Polly, Wilcocks, of Boston, for Charleston, out 5 days.

Schr. Dispatch, Wilburn, in 20 days from Kingston (Jam.) Sailed in company with the brig Barbara, Clay, of and for port Port. The Pilot who brought up the schr. Dispatch, informs that on the Hook, he spoke the brig Polly & Betsey, of Boston; from Oporto, out 70 days.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.

Arrived, sch'r Dispatch, Maxwell, Savannah; Dinah, Eldridge, Boston; Eliza, Hawkins, Richmond, Unicorn, Cook, St. Andrews; sloop Betsey, Carlton, Richmond; sloop Phœbe, Vernon, Africa.

Arrived at the Lazaretto,

Ship Louisa, Maffett, Rio de la Plata.

Cleared, ship Patty, Snell, C. Francois; brig Nymph, Maffit, and schoo Farmer's Delight, Brown [illegible], have arrived at Martinique.

HEALTH-OFFICE,

August 3.

The Board of Health inform their fellow citizens, that since their publication of yesterday, there have been reported to them seven persons who have been taken sick in the Northern Liberties; and by the communications of several Physicians it appears seven persons are ill with malignant fever within the limits of the city, some of whom have been sick several days.

Of those reported yesterday one has died—four convalescent, four considered in danger, and two removed to the city hospital.

The Board think it their duty to repeat their request that the citizens avoid all unnecessary intercourse with the sick.

By order of the Board.

CORNELIUS COMEGYS, President.

Attest,

BENJ. F. GARRIGUES, Sec'ry.

BALTIMORE, August 4.

Arrived ship Louisa, Chaplain, 5 months from Madras. Left no American vessels there. July 25. lat. 26, 00, long. 65, 00, spoke ship American Packet, capt. M'Colm, from New-York to Port de Cuba, out 27 days.

Alexandria Advertiser.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6.

The following article was inclosed in a letter from an American gentleman at Lisbon, received at Boston via Plymouth.

WARNING.

"Whereas several vessels have been seized, detained and confiscated, with their cargoes, in different ports of Brazil, either for or on suspicion of illicit trade on the said coasts and ports, and the crew commited to the most vigorous confinement, and afterwards sent to Lisbon:—It is absolutely necessary to inform our citizens in the different ports of the United States that the strictest orders have been sent from the government at Brazil in general on the subject: and that for the future it will be extremely imprudent for our vessels to go there.

Some of the vessels seized have been regularly cleared at the custom houses in the United States for Rio de Janeiro, which is contrary to the laws of Portugal as they suffer no trade to be carried on with their colonies but in their own vessels direct from Portugal.

The Democrats are in a woful dilemma, respecting their former friend Callender. For he is either an honest and true man and must be believed; or he is a liar and a scoundrel, and his words deserve to have no credit attached to them. Take your choice, ye mild lovers and supporters of the new philosophy. If Callender be an honest and true man, then he is to be believed in his representation, & that representation sinks your chief to a level with the meanest and basest of created beings. Your cause goes with your chief, for as he has risen, so have have you risen, and as he sinks, so must you sink. If Callender be a lying scoundrel, then how stand ye? Did ye not cherish him and support him, did ye not draw slanders and lies from his pen and disseminate them? Did not individuals among you swear to his moral character, support him with your purses, receive him into your houses, and propagate his falsehoods? Did not the last administration fall, and have not you risen in consequence of the calumnies, which Callender has been eager to invent, and active to diffiminate? And must not you have known him, when you were proud of his talents, and zealous for his services, to have been a liar; and has not your cause thus flourished and been perfected by the basest means?

In the one case, it is fair to say, that if Callender is honest and worthy of belief, Mr. Jefferson is sunk below the reach of even a mean man's commiseration: in the other case, if Callender is false, the whole world may see that ye knew him to be a liar, that ye used his lies and profited by the deadly injury they wrought, that your system has been a lie from the beginning, that your ascendancy is founded on a lie, and that like a lie and the works of the father of lies, your glory will be dissipated by the rays of truth.

(Gaz. U. States.

The Senate, we understand, did not agree to abolish the mint. A national coin is much wanted, and if the new men in power cared a half cent about the people, they would exert themselves to furnish a supply of small change. It would answer a valuable purpose and gain them what they say so much desire, *Popularity*. The poorer class are really distressed for the want of it. They relish no popular favor but what is to be had by *destroying* not improving. As a nation too we ought to have a little pride, if the philosophists will permit us to say it, in a currency of our own. Liberty in her own dear brazen image figured on our cents, her revolution cap on her head—all she wanted was a pike in her hand. Surely this circumstance ought to make the democratic bowels, of our government yearn towards the mint.

But to change and to reform is very much their sort. We recommend, as a legend for the coin, "*Thou shalt not bear false witness,*" and that congress, at their next session, should pass a special order, directing that Messrs GILES, NICHOLSON, and others of the committee of *Defamation*, would receive their pay in coin containing such wholesome advice. Why should not cents, as they are next of kin to brass, admonish brass?

(Palladium.)

The following letter from the Rev. Dr. Smith, will serve to shew what credit is due to the anonymous author of the pamphlet, entitled "A View of the Political Conduct of Aaron Burr, Esq."

Princeton, July 29, 1802.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING POST.

SIR,

In your paper of Monday July 26, under the article entitled, *A view of the political conduct of Aaron Burr, Esq.* by the author of the Narrative, I observe some very gross misrepresentations, which I conceive it to be a duty that I owe to Mr. Burr, the New Jersey electors, and myself, to declare to be absolutely false. Mr. Burr never visited me on the subject of the late election for President and Vice President—Mr, Burr never conversed with me a single second on the subject of that election, either before or since the event. No project or plan of the kind mentioned in that paper was proposed or hinted at among the electors of N. Jersey. I am assured that Mr. Burr held no intrigue with them, on that occasion, either collectively or individually. They were men above intrigue; and I do not know that he was disposed to use it. At their meeting, they unanimously declared that a fair and manly vote according to their sentiments was the only conduct which was worthy of their own characters, or of their cause.

S. S. SMITH.

There is an uproar among the democrats from one end of the country to the other. In New York, the Clintons are striving with all their might to damn Mr. Burr; and in Virginia, Callender is presenting facts to the public, which would prove, that the president is "not fit to govern; no, not to live." With respect to the systematic and decisive attack which is making upon the vice president, we cannot but regard it is proceeding from the jealousy which Mr. Jefferson is well known to entertain of him, and the mortal hatred borne him by the Clintons and Livingstons of his own state. The exhibition made of the leaders of the party should convince the people of the character of the whole "sect," and of the tendency of the democratic principles, which are sported for the purposes of elevation, and for the gratification of a thirst for office & a thirst for power.

We have examined, cursorily, the pamphlet entitled, "A View of the political conduct of Aaron Burr, &c." recently published in New York. It is a complete picture of Jacobin artifice and intrigue, and though the author has bent his bow, with an aim towards Mr. Burr and his immediate supporters, yet the shaft has flown, and the whole "sect" are but as *stricken deer.* The View describes the characters who compose Mr. Burr's "little band," in terms which may be fairly extended, and which will be extended by the people, to the *great band* of democracy, that "they are disappointed office seekers" (though some of them are so no longer) "wretched in talents—worse in principles—and most of them destitute of all the attributes of respectability."

Let the "sect" go on: they have risen by libelling virtuous men: they will fall by telling truth of themselves.

This pamphlet, which, if we might hazard a conjecture, we should suppose was the joint production of Cheetham, De Witt Clinton, and Tunis Wortman, has detailed more of the history of jacobinism in this country, than any other work we have seen. It shews us how the democrats labor, how they intrigue, what double faces they wear, what vile ends they aim at, and what infamous means they use to obtain them. It shews us, moreover, that they have no confidence in each other, that they deserve to have none; and the honest part of the community, it is hoped, will see that they are wholly undeserving of all honorable confidence. It will furnish us matter for abundant comment hereafter.

We cannot fail to notice, however that there is some falsehood and some folly in the publication. It ascribes praises of Mr. Burr to the federal papers, which were never uttered, and asserts that the United States' Gazette at a particular juncture shifted its course, and "suddenly appeared as his warmest panegyrist."—The fact is that all praise bestowed by this gazette upon Mr. Burr was comparative. We were free to state the superiority of his pretensions to the presidency over those of Mr. Jefferson. We knew him to be an abler man, we thought him to be a better man. Upon the representations of Callender of the one, and those of Cheetham and Co. of the other, we must still think, that there is a choice remaining in favor of Mr. Burr. We have seen no act of Mr. Burr displayed which can be brought down to a lowly and degraded comparison with a mean, groveling, and malignant purchase of falsehood and slander.

The view further states, that "the Boston Centinel preferred Mr. Burr, because the editor thought his character somewhat like that of *Bonaparte!!*" & has the weakness to adduce the following sentence from the Centinel to prove the assertion. "*It is granted he is ambitious, but he is not a hypocrite; and though he is like Bonaparte in some respects, he posses none of the cold hearted qualities of the Gallic consul.*" If the man had common acuteness, he would perceive, that preference is given to Mr. Burr, because his character is *unlike* that of Bonaparte—"he possesses none of the cold hearted qualities of the Gallic consul."

(Gaz. U. S.)

SOAP ASHES—AS A MANURE.

SOAP-ASHES, are in some measure, the same as the refuse of leach fields. They principally, however, consist of lime, which is employed by the soap-makers to deprive the alkaline salts of their fixed air, and by that means increase their action upon the oil and tallow.—The addition of lime to soap ashes is, therefore, unnecessary; they are generally made into composts with the earth and well fermented dung, in the proportio of the two loads of dung to one of earth; the ashes are then added, in the quantity of one load to ten of this mixture, taking care to turn and incorporate the whole completely. The quantity necessary for strong clays or deep loams, is about ten cart loads of this compost to an acre. If the dung has been well fermented and properly reduced, perhaps the most profitable way of using this article will be as a top dressing harrowed in with the grain; care, however, should be taken, when it is employed in this way, that the caustic quality of the ashes is properly blunted by a sufficient mixture of dung and earth; for if this circumstance is not attended to, and dry weather follows the sowing, there will be a considerable injury to the seed.

These ashes, when beat small, may be made in a very rich compost with oil and earth, and used as a top dressing for young crops. In whatever shape they are used, they will be found to destroy slugs and vermin of every description. This quality will render them highly valuable upon lands where the early wheat is injured by the worm. If they are either applied as a top dressing, and harrowed in along with the seed, or used upon the young wheat in the spring, as soon as the worm appears, the evil will be completely prevented; perhaps mixing it well with the soil at seed time will be found preferable, as it will have a chance of killing the vermin in the embryo.

For the Alexandria Advertiser.

THE YOUNG STUDENT'S SOLILOQUY.

—In imitation of Shakespeare's Hamlet.—

To learn, or not to learn; that is the question.—
Whether 'tis nobler in the mind, to suffer
The frowns and stripes of an imperious master;
Or take up heels against this sea of troubles,
And by eloping end them? To run—to fly—
To play: and by a flight to say, we end
The heart-ach, and the thousand natural shocks
Our flesh is heir to; 'tis a consummation
Sincerely to be wish'd. To run—to fly—
Perchance to be a dunce! Ay—there's the rub
For thro' this flight, what dread effects may come
When we have shuffled off this learned coil,
Should give us pause—to fly—to play—to be a dunce—
Our parent's grief, our country's pest, yea more,
Foes to ourselves, and rebels to our God:
To guilt, to shame, to death, to endless pain,
Obnoxious. There's the respect,
That makes us fix our firm resolve, to pray,
To toil, to learn—Who else in youth would bear
The will controul'd, all fond indulgence lost,
The school-boys noise, the usher's contumely,
The pangs of despis'd tasks, the masters law,
The insolence of Victors, and the spurns
That a poor boy of all his teachers takes?
When he himself might his quietus make
With a bare Fugit? Who would fardles bear
To groan and sweat under a weary life
Of hardships, labour, and the painful tasks
Imposed from Latin, Gallic, Hebrew, Greek;
Besides the figures, fractions, knotty roots,
Points, lines, and angels, circles, tort'ring curves,
Sines, tangents, secants; minus A, plus B—
Problems perplexing? and the extra work
Of puzzling short hand, and mnemonic toil;
Who this and more would bear? but that the dread
Of something after youth, and age, and death,
(That undiscover'd country, from whose bourne
No traveller returns) puzzles the will,
And makes us rather chuse those ills we have,
Than fly to others, that we know not of.
Thus conscience, reason, interest, all persuade:
And thus the sickly wav'ring resolution,
Is cur'd, and strength'ned by mature thought.
Thus enterprizes of great pith and moment,
With this regard their currents urge along
And ripen into action.

AMICUS.

Alexandria, August 6.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY next,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Auction Room:—

Lisbon Wine in pipes,
Port Wine in quarter casks,
Rum in barrels,
Gin in ditto,
Molasses in hogsheads,
French Brandy in bbls,
Sugar in barrels,
Soap, Candles, and Chocolate in boxes,
Window Glass in ditto,
Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Souchong Teas in chests,
Glass Ware in lots,
Raisins in boxes,
1 Bale Corks,

Together with a large quantity of

DRY GOODS,

Among which are

Chintzes and Calicoes,
Dimities, Muslins, Cotton Hose,
White Jeans, Muslin Shawls, & Handkerchiefs,
Striped and chequered Jaconet Muslins,
Brown Piatillas, Linen and Cotton Checks and Stripes, white and printed India Cottons, Cotton Shawls,
A quantity of Japanned Ware, and a number of other articles.

THOMAS MOORE,
August 6. Auctioneer.

Public Sale.

To-morrow evening at 7 o'clock will positively be sold without reserve,

A LARGE

Collection of Books.

THOS. MOORE,
August 6. Auctioneer.

R. & J. GRAY

Have for Sale, wholesale and retail, at their Book and Stationary Store, in King street, between Royal and Fairfax streets, the following articles, on which a liberal deduction will be made to those who purchase to sell again:

Novels, Romances, &c.

THE Beggar Girl, a novel in three vols. by Mrs. Bennet; Devereux Court, by do. Girl of the Mountains, a novel in 2 vols. by Mrs. Parsons; St. Leon, or a Tale of the XVIth Century, a novel in 2 vols. by Wm. Godwin, Children of the Abbey, a tale, 4 vols. bound in 2, by Regina Maria Roche, Vicar of Landown, 2 vols. in one by do. Maid of the Hamlet, 2 vols. in one by do. Nocturnal Visit, a novel, in 2 vols. by do. Spirit of the Castle, by William C. Proby, Vagabond, by George Walker, Mordaunt, by Dr. Moore, The Armenian, or Ghost of Scer, a history founded on facts, 2 vols. from the German of Schiller, Charlotte Temple, a Tale of Truth, by Mrs. Rowson, 2 vols. in one, Adventures of Gaudentia di Lucca, the Abbess, a romance by W. H. Ireland, the avowed author of the Shakespear papers, &c. &c. in 3 vols. the Fool of Quality, or the History of Henry Earl of Moreland, in 3 vols. by Mr. Brooke, Royal Captives, a Fragment of Secret History, by Ann Yearsley, a Tale of the Times, a novel by the author of the Gossip's Story, in 2 vols.

Miscellanies.

Epitome of the History of Europe from the reign of Charlemagne to the beginning of the reign of George IIId. 8vo. Beauties of Nature Delineated, or Philosophical and Pious Contemplations on the Works of Nature, and the Seasons of the Year, selected from Sturm's Reflections; Life and Writings of the late Dr. Benjamin Franklin, Taplin's Farriery, Blossoms of Morality, Sandford and Merton, Constitutions of the United States with the latest amendments, to which are prefixed, the Declaration of Independence and the Federal Constitution with the amendments; Junius's Letters, complete in one vol. with a copious index; Letters of Themistocles, with an appendix, containing a Character of Dr. Franklin, and Remarks on his Life, written by himself; Vocal Medley, a new Collection of fashionable, modern Songs; American Songster; Patriotic Medly; Watts's Psalms and Hymns; Methodist Hymns and spiritual Songs; Newton's Olney Hymns; Common Prayer Books in plain and Morocco binding.

School Books.

Bibles, Testaments, Scott's Lessons, Murray's English Reader; Introduction to the Englishr Reader; Sequel to do. Young Gentlemen and Ladies' Monitor; Entick's Dictionary; Psalter's, Columbian Orator; Webster's Institutes, containing his Spelling Book; or 1st part, Grammar or 2d part, and Selection in Reading, or 3d part; Dilworth's Spelling Book; Columbian do. Child's Guide; American Primmer; Columbian do. Dr. Lowth's English Grammar; Ashe's Introduction to do. Philadelphia Latin do. Clark's Introduction to Latin; Mair's, do. do. Clarke's Erasmus; do. Corderii; Rudiman's Rudiments of the Latin Tongue; American Tutor's Assistant, Dilworth's Schoolmaster's do. Mrs. Barbauld's Lesson's and Hymns for Children; Juvenile Magazine to be continued monthly.

Chap Books.

Prompter; Aladdin, or the Wonderful Lamp, Mother Goose's Tales; Trojan War; Gulliver Reviv'd; Laugh and be Fat; Hocus Pocus; Divine Emblems; Letter Writer; Spanish Rogues; Religious Courtship; Conquest of Mexico; Buck's Companion; Youthful Jester's Cheap Repository.

Stationary.

Lead Inkstands with glass holders; Pocket do. Morocco Pocket Books assorted; Playing Cards; red and black Inkpowder; Wafers by the pound or oz. Letter Paper of different qualities: Foolscap writing paper; Quills and slates, lead and slate Pencils; and a general assortment of

Blank Books,

consisting of Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Invoices, Waste and Cash Books, Cyphering and Copy Books; Copper plate Copy Lines large and small hand.

Bookbinding,

Of every description, executed with neatness and dispatch. Merchants' account books ruled and bound to any pattern at the shortest notice.

☞ *Wanted,*

One or two boys of good connection, between 12 and 14 years of age, as apprentices to the bookbinding business.

April 20. d

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE

At R. & J. GRAY's Bookstore,

REPORTS of adjudged cases in the Court of Common Pleas, during the time lord chief justice Willes presided in that court; together with some few cases of the same period determined in the House of Lords, Court of Chancery, and Exchequer chamber.—By Charles Durnford, barrister at law——price to subscribers, 4 dolls. 50 cents, to non-subscribers 5 dolls.

Alfonzo, King of Castile; a tragedy in five acts—by M. G. Lewis——price 31 cents.

BIBLE—A few copies of Cary's new 4to Family Bible, ornamented with plates and maps——price 8 dollars.

Subscribers to Conrad and Co's. edition of Select Novels, are informed that Clermont, by Mrs. Roche, forming the 5th and 6th volumes of that elegant work, is now nearly ready for delivery. Also, the 2d vol. of Warner and Hannah's Select Plays.

July 16.

Public Sale.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, for ready money, on SATURDAY the 23th day of August next, on the premises,

Sixty Acres of LAND,

near the old Court-House, in Fairfax county and adjoining the lands of Wm. Deneale and Henry Gunnell; this land is of good quality, and produces good corn and wheat, and is sold by virtue of a deed of trust from Edward Adams and Jemima his wife to me, to satisfy a debt due from the said Edward Adams to William Deneale, amounting to £70, with interest from 17th June, 1799.

JAMES WILEY, Trustee.

July 23. 2aw1ot

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Have on hand, and for sale,

Claret of a superior quality in boxes of 2 and 2½ dozen,
Porter and Brown Stout in casks,
Black Paint ground in oil in kegs of 28 pounds each,
Marble Slabs for hearths, of different sizes,
An assortment of elegant Looking-Glasses.
Japanned Ware,
Plated Table Furniture, consisting of Tea and Coffee Urns, Tea and Coffee Pots, Goblets, &c.
A large assortment of Earthen Ware in crates,
Grenada Rum in hhds. Brown Sugar in hhds. and bbls.
Fine Salt in sacks,
An assortment of Hardware, consisting of Spades, Shovels, Hinges, Hand-Saws, &c. &c.
One hundred boxes Pipes.

July 31. 2aw

THE

Accommodation Coachee,

WILL leave Mr. Gadsby's City Tavern every morning, at half past four o'clock, for Baltimore, to accommodate our Alexandria friends: returning, leaves Mr. Evans's, Indian Queen, every morning at six o'clock, and arrives at Alexandria the same evening.

The Proprietors will not undertake to promise as much as the Mail Pilot, which runs but 50 miles per day, although it is said to Pilot the Mail, which runs from 80 to a 100 miles per day.

The PROPRIETORS.

June 9. d6tzaw

A Journeyman Blacksmith

WANTED

At the Occoquan Mills.—To one who is sober and industrious, and a good workman, good wages will be given.

JOHN TORRYSON.

August 4. eo3t

Valuable Property for Sale,

At the little Falls of Potomack,

About three miles from George-Town and the City of Washington, and ten from Alexandria.

172 acres of Land, upon which are a dwelling house and sundry other improvements, several stone quarries and fish stands, and two vacant mill seats.

Two undivided third parts of 7 acres of Land, upon which are a merchant mill, with three pair of French burr mill stones and every necessary, complete, for manufacturing flour to the best advantage, and with as little manual labor as possible; a brewery and distillery, a granary, a miller's house, a brewer's house, cooper's shop, &c. and a vacant mill seat.

Two undivided third parts of 200 acres of land, adjoining the 7 acres and 172 acres abovementioned, upon which here are several stone quarries and fish stands.

The purchaser of the above property, will have an assignment of a lease for the other undivided third part, of which there will be 6 years to come from the first day of September next.

The stone on the above lands is equal in goodness to any, and superior to most foundation stone on the river—vessels of any burthen that can go to George-Town, can go up to the mill and stone quarries.

Any person or persons, who may incline to purchase, will of course view the premises, therefore it is not thought necessary to be more particular.

For terms apply to Gen. Uriah Forrest, at George-Town, or to

PHILIP R. FENDALL,
Alexandria.

June 20. 1aw

Rags bought at this office.

CASH GIVEN FOR

WHEAT and FLAXSEED,

BY

JOHN M'KINNEY.

Who has for sale French Brandy in pipes & barrels, Claret in boxes, Rum, Molasses, &c.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, junr.

HAS FOR SALE

At his Store, corner of Prince and Union Streets.

A few pipes 4th proof brandy,
Ditto hhds 2d and 3d proof Rum,
10 Quarter casks Malaga wine,
4 Tierces acid,
20 Barrels herrings,
32 Bags coffee,
3 Boxes glass tumblers,
Bandanno handkerchiefs,
China and blue gitta ditto,
India checks,
Ravens' duck,
Ladies' London shoes,

And a few pieces of furniture, consisting of 1 desk and book case, 1 sideboard and secretary, 1 bureau, 4 washstands.

July 15. eo3t1aw3t

The subscriber anxious to remove to Georgia in the course of the ensuing fall, offers for sale,

A TRACT OF LAND

within the District of Columbia, containing nearly 500 acres.

This property is pleasantly situated, nearly central between Alexandria and George-Town, and within a mile and an half of the Potomac—the advantage of a considerable proportion being heavily wooded, and its proximity to three flourishing cities, render it valuable. So desirous am I, to execute my plans, that, to effect a sale, I will make a considerable sacrifice; to accommodate, I will divide it into lots of any size, and a small proportion of the purchase money being paid, a lengthy credit on the balance will be given. I will take negroes for the whole or any part of it.—Should I not dispose of it, before the first of October, on that day, I shall publicly offer it for sale at the Coffee-House in Alexandria.

G. H. CHAPMAN.

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

R. & J. GRAY;

Price 1 dollar, handsomely bound,

She Lives in Hopes, or Caroline; a narration founded upon facts, by Miss Hatfield of Manchester. Clermont, a tale, in two volumes, by M. R. Roche, author of the Children of the Abbey—price 2 dollars. Tears and Smiles, a miscellaneous collection of Poems by P. Pindar, esq. the ladies' edition—price 75 cents, bound and lettered. Dr. Mavor's Collection of Voyages and Travels, to be comprised in 20 volumes, one volume to be published every month until the whole are completed, the 1st, 2nd and 3d volumes are received—price to subscribers 1 dollar per volume, neatly bound in boards and ornamented with elegant engravings. The Life of Bonaparte, from his birth to the peace of Luneville—price 1 dollar, bound and lettered. Select Plays, vol. 2nd, containing the Robbers, Fiesco, Cabal & Love—price to subscribers 1 dollar per volume, to non-subscribers 1 dol. 25 cents. M'Neal's Poems, some of them in the Scottish dialect, 2 vols. with elegant copper plates and handsomely gilt—price 2 dollars.

They have also received an extensive assortment of valuable books, many of them in elegant bindings, of which the following are a part:

Swift's Works, in 19 volumes 8vo. elegantly bound in calf and gilt. Milton's Paradise Lost, fine hot pressed edition with plates, bound in calf and gilt. Young's Night Thoughts, do. do. Pope's Works, pocket edition with plates, 8 volumes, calf, gilt. Adventurer, 4 vols. duodecimo, gilt. Johnson's and Entick's Pocket Dictionaries, hot pressed, calf, gilt. Johnson's and Sheridan's Dictionaries 8vo. Rollin's Ancient History, in 10 vols. illustrated with a great number of elegant copper plates. Travels of Anacharsis the Younger in Greece, 5 vols. bound in calf. Morse's Gazateer of the Eastern Continent, 8vo. Do. of America, 8vo. Brooks's General Gazateer. Guthrie's Geographical Grammar. Smith's Wealth of Nations, 2 vols. 8vo. calf. John Newton's Works, 9 vols. duodecimo. Josephus's Works, 6 vols. 12mo. Russel's History of Modern Europe, with an account of the decline and fall of the Roman Empire, 5 vols. 8vo. Same book elegantly bound in calf and gilt. Ancient Europe, by the same author, 2 vols. 8vo. calf, gilt. History of England, from the invasion of Julius Cæsar, to the revolution in 1688, by David Hume, esq. with the continuation from the revolution to the end of the American war, 12 vols. 8vo. with elegant heads, bound in calf and beautifully gilt.

They have continually on hand wholesale and retail—Quarto, Octavo, School and Family Bibles, Testaments, Columbian, Pearce, Webster, Dilworth, Rational and Universal Spelling Books, Murray's English Reader, Introduction and Sequel to Ditto, Scott's Lessons, Monitor, Preceptor, Columbian Orator and Webster's Institutes, English, French, Latin and Greek Grammars, Jones, Sheridan and Entick's Dictionaries, Blank books of every description, quills, wafers, ink powder, slates, pencils, pocket books, violins, violin strings, playing cards, &c. &c. &c.

July 2.

John Gardner Ladd

Has lately received for sale at his Warehouse, Prince street Wharf,

Russia Sheetings,
Russia and Ravens Duck } per bale or piece,
And India Cotton

German Linens and one trunk sewing Silks and Ribbons,
A few pair handsome Looking Glasses in gilt and mahogany frames,
Two bales of Paper Hangings,
A great variety of mens, womens and childrens' shoes, coarse and fine,
Hyson,
Young Hyson and } *TEAS,*
Souchong
Tea table setts of China in boxes,
Cotton, wool and playing Cards,
Holland and country Gin of the best quality in pipes,
W. India, and N. England Rum, } in hhds and bls.
Molasses & Sugars
Coffee in bags,
Spinning Cotton,
Powder in firkins,
Beef and Pork in bls. and half bls,
Spermaceti and tallow Candles,
White and brown Soap,
Chocolate of the best and common sort,
Cheese of an extraordinary fine quality,
Shad, Herrings and dried Cod Fish,
A quantity of red Soal Leather,
Fresh Raisins and Figs in casks,
Lemons in boxes,
Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs, Almonds, and a small quantity of fresh Hops, &c.

Also,

About 30 tons of Lignumvitæ.

May 13. d

JUST RECEIVED

From Philadelphia and Baltimore, and for sale at the subscriber's store, in Prince Street, the following articles:

Holland gin, French brandy,
Jamaica spirits, cherry bounce one year old, and an assortment of liquors,
Best fresh teas, coffee,
Loaf and brown sugar,
First quality Spanish segars,
Best English cheese,
Excellent soft shelled almonds,
Box and jar raisins fresh and nice,
Excellent prunes,
Anchovies of the last importation,
Olives of ditto,
Best salad oil,
Mustard, pepper, and brandy fruits,
Best fresh lime juice by the bottle,
Market, cane and work baskets,
Philadelphia cedar ware,
Glass ware of different kinds,
Cavendish tobacco.

Together with a general assortment of Crockery Ware, and a number of other articles.

ABEL WILLIS.

July 14. d

JANNEY & PATON,

Have received, and offer for sale,

Catalonia wine in hhds. & quarter casks
Jamaica, Antigua, Grenada, St. Kitts, St. Vincents and Barbadoes—rum in hhds.
Loaf and Lump Sugar, of the first quality,
Muscovado Sugar in hhds.
350 Bbls. Statia do.
Havannah Molasses in Hhds.
Havannah white and brown Sugars, in Boxes and Bbls.
Soap and Candles in Boxes,
Sweet Oil in do.
Raisins in Boxes and Kegs,
Pepper and Coffee in Bags.

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF SHOES,

—Consisting of—

Mens' Calf in Trunks,
Ladies' Kid and Morocco do. in Boxes,

EAST INDIA GOODS, viz.

Nankeens, Baftas, Mamoody's Gurrahs, Guzinahs, Cassahs, Moharags, Gunges, Stripes, and one bale of handsome Deiorsoy.

ALSO

Ravens and Russia Duck and Sheetings by the piece or bale, and two bales fine Russia Osnaburgs.

A complete assortment of Russia and New-England Cordage, and one 8¼ inch Cable 70 fathoms long.——A small quantity of Upper Leather.

June 23. d

Loaf and Lump Sugar

for sale, by the barrel or smaller quantity—Apply to

JAMES R. RIDDLE,
At the Counting House of
JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

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